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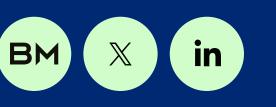
Weekly Market Commentary

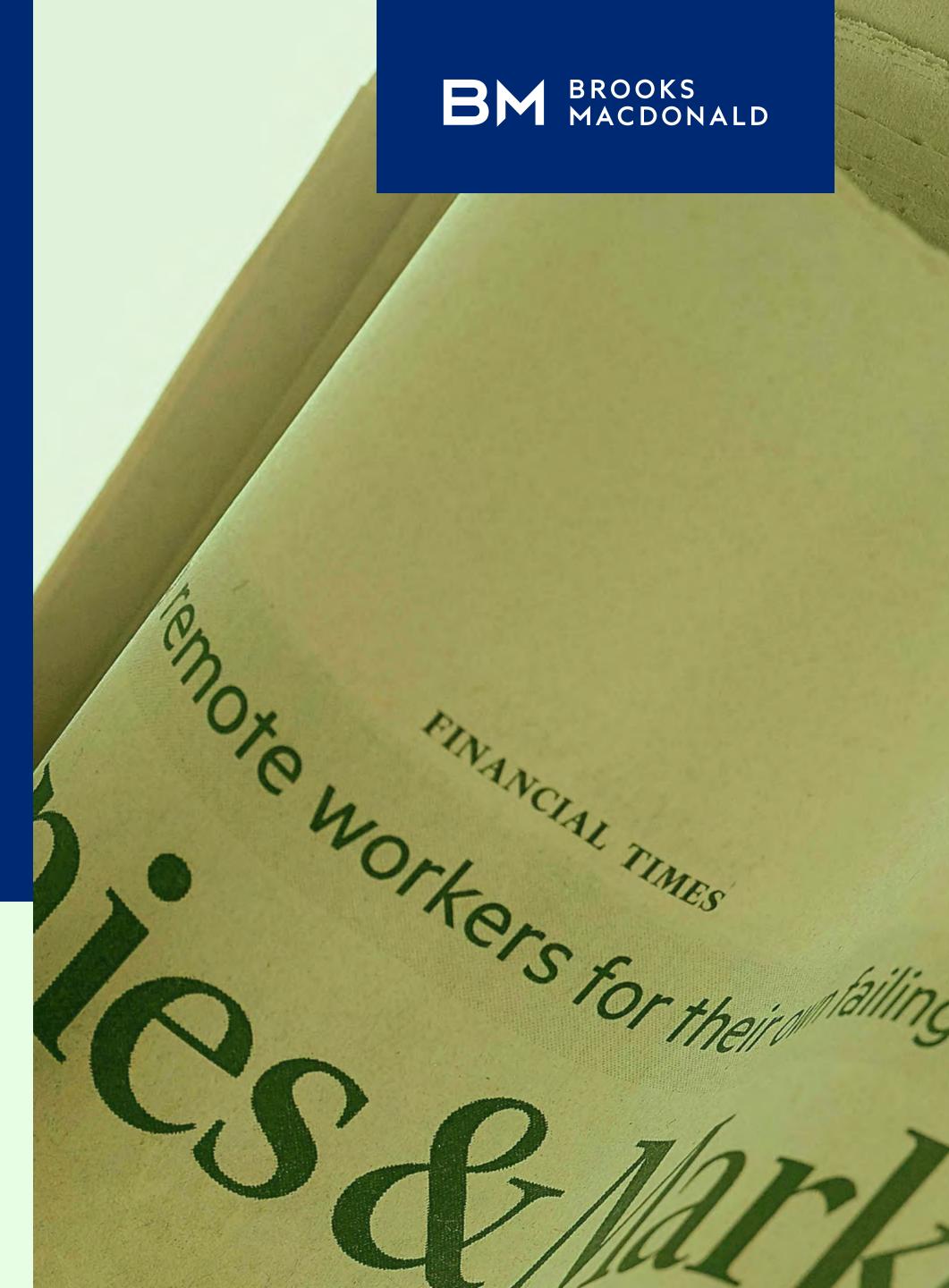
09 September 2024

In summary

- Latest US labour market data is weaker-than-expected, sealing a dismal week's performance for equity markets
- China equity market bulls throw in the towel, with latest inflation data adding to economic slowdown fears
- An inflation double-header arrives this week, with US consumer and producer price data both due
- With the US Presidential election less than two months away, politics likely moves back into the driving seat for markets









It was the index's worst weekly performance since March last year when markets were reeling from regional bank worries in the US. Driving the latest equity market sell-off, August US non-farms payrolls saw +142,000 jobs added, falling below a Bloomberg median estimate of +165,000. Adding in a data revision of a cumulative -86,000 reduction in payroll increases for the prior two months, it left the 3-month US job-gain average at its lowest level for around 4 years.

To take a step back, let's not forget the US is still adding jobs, but there are growing signs of a slowing in the labour data. Underscoring that relative US labour market weakness, on Friday, US Federal Reserve (Fed) Governor Christopher Waller said that the latest labour data "no longer requires patience, it requires action", and that "I am open-minded about the size and pace of cuts ... if the data suggests the need for larger cuts, then I will support that".

Looking forward to the week ahead, the focus will shift from jobs to inflation, with both US consumer inflation and US producer inflation prints due out. Meanwhile, over in Europe, the European Central Bank is expected to deliver the second interest rate cut of its current monetary policy cycle on Thursday.

In recent weeks, some hitherto high-profile bulls have been throwing in the towel on Chinese equities, in a sign of growing impatience for a turnaround in both the China economic and stock market fortunes.

Reported by Bloomberg, since mid-August no less than three long-standing China bulls, JPMorgan, Nomura, and UBS have all downgraded their outlook on Chinese equities, all cutting to neutral.

Concerns cited have ranged from the ongoing property slump in China, to underwhelming stimulus measures by Beijing, to concerns around geopolitical tensions running into US elections in November. Helpfully, these were all reasons which prompted our own reduction and downgrade on China equities exposure at the start of this year.

Meanwhile, to Friday's close the China CSI 300 equity index is down -5.8% so far in 2024 (in local currency, price return), ranking China amongst the world's worstperforming major markets this year. Adding to the woes, earlier this morning, the latest China inflation data missed to the downside, adding to economic slowdown fears there.

After a weaker-than-expected jobs report last week, the Fed can probably well do without any additional problems for its dual mandate (targeting maximum employment and stable prices) from this week's inflation data. We are due to get a US Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation print on Wednesday, followed by Producer Price Index (PPI) data on Thursday. These are the last inflation prints ahead of the Fed's next scheduled meeting next week on 17-18 September.

In terms of the market consensus for consumer inflation, the annual US CPI all-items print is expected to come in at +2.6% for August, which would be down from July's +2.9%. As for core CPI (excluding energy and food), the annual print is expected to be +3.2%, which would be unchanged from July.

Lately, investors have been laser-focused on the health of the US economy, and in turn, of jobs and inflation. As a result, politics has been taking a bit of a back seat. That likely changes this week as the run-up to the US presidential election on 5th November, less than 2 months away now, gets going in earnest.

Tomorrow sees the first TV debate between Democrat Presidential candidate Kamala Harris, and her Republican opposite Donald Trump. Meanwhile, in the latest polls, there are some signs that the Democrat 'honeymoon' period following Harris's elevation to Presidential candidate, replacing Biden, is possibly ending – according to a new US national poll from the New York Times and Siena College, a survey of registered votes between 3-6 September put Trump marginally ahead, on 48% share of the vote, versus Harris on 47%.

With the race to the White House still so closely balanced, it continues to make it hard for markets to decisively shift between different expected market outcomes depending on who wins.





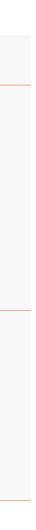
Economic indicators (Week beginning 02 September 2024)

Day	Data Release	Consensus	Prior	Actual	Day	Data Release	Consensus	Prior	Actual
Mon	France HCOB France Manufacturing PMI Aug F	42.1	42.1	43.9	Thu	United States Initial Jobless Claims 11536	165k	114k	142.0
	China Caixin China PMI Mfg Aug	50.0	49.8	50.4		United States ADP Employment Change Aug	6.5%	6.4%	6.6%
	Japan Jibun Bank Japan PMI Mfg Aug F		49.5	49.8		Germany Factory Orders MoM Jul	4.2%	4.3%	4.2%
	Italy HCOB Italy Manufacturing PMI Aug	48.5	47.4	49.4		Australia Trade Balance Jul	-0.5%	1.4%	-2.4%
	Germany HCOB Germany Manufacturing PMI Aug F	42.1	42.1	42.4		United States ISM Services Index Aug	-0.3%	0.8%	-0.5%
	United Kingdom S&P Global UK Manufacturing PMI Aug F	52.5	52.5	52.5			25.0k	-2.8k	22.1
	Australia Building Approvals MoM Jul	2.8%	-6.5%	10.4%				-64.4k	65.7
	Japan Capital Spending YoY 2Q	10.0%	6.8%	7.4%	Fri	United States Change in Nonfarm Payrolls Aug	165k	114k	142.0
	Italy GDP WDA QoQ 2Q F	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%		Canada Unemployment Rate Aug United States Unemployment Rate Aug Germany Industrial Production SA MoM Jul France Industrial Production MoM Jul Canada Net Change in Employment Aug Canada Part Time Employment Change Aug	6.5%	6.4%	6.6%
	Australia Melbourne Institute Inflation MoM Aug		0.4%	-0.1%			4.2%	4.3%	4.2%
Tue	United States ISM Manufacturing Aug	47.5	46.8	47.2			-0.5%	1.4%	-2.4%
	Canada S&P Global Canada Manufacturing PMI Aug		47.8	49.5			-0.3%	0.8%	-0.5%
	United States S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI Aug F	48.1	48.0	47.9			25.0k	-2.8k	22.1
Wed	Canada Bank of Canada Rate Decision 38231	4.3%	4.5%	4.3%	-			-64.4k	65.7
	Australia GDP SA QoQ 2Q	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	Source	e: Bloomberg, data accessed 09 September 2024.			
	United States Durable Goods Orders Jul F	9.9%	9.9%	9.8%	300106	e. Bloomberg, data accessed 09 September 2024.			
	France HCOB France Services PMI Aug F	55.0	55.0	55.0					
	United States MBA Mortgage Applications 11171		0.01	1.60					
	France HCOB France Composite PMI Aug F	52.7	52.7	53.1					
	Australia GDP YoY 2Q	0.9%	1.1%	1.0%					
	United States Factory Orders Jul	4.7%	-3.3%	5.0%					
	United States Trade Balance Jul	-\$79.0b	-\$73.1b	-78.8					



Economic indicators (Week beginning 09 September 2024)

Day	Data Release	Consensus	Prior	Day	Data Release	Consensus	Prior
Mon	China CPI YoY Aug	0.7%	0.5%	Thu	United States Initial Jobless Claims 39326	230k	227k
	Japan GDP SA QoQ 2Q F	0.8%	0.8%		Eurozone ECB Main Refinancing Rate 41153	3.7%	4.3%
	Japan GDP Annualized SA QoQ 2Q F	3.2%	3.1%		Japan PPI YoY Aug	2.8%	3.0%
	Japan BoP Current Account Balance Jul	¥2498.0b	¥1533.5b		Eurozone ECB Deposit Facility Rate 41153	3.5%	3.8%
	China PPI YoY Aug	-1.5%	-0.8%		United States PPI Final Demand MoM Aug	0.1%	0.1%
	Japan GDP Deflator YoY 2Q F	3.0%	3.0%		Eurozone ECB Marginal Lending Facility 41153	3.9%	4.5%
	China Money Supply M2 YoY Aug	6.2%	6.3%	Fri	Japan Industrial Production MoM Jul F		2.8%
	United States Wholesale Inventories MoM Jul F	0.3%	0.3%		France CPI YoY Aug F United States U. of Mich. Sentiment Sep P	1.9%	1.9%
Tue	Germany CPI YoY Aug F	1.9%	1.9%			68.5	67.9
	United Kingdom Jobless Claims Change Aug		135.0k		France CPI EU Harmonized YoY Aug F	2.2%	2.2%
	Germany CPI MoM Aug F	-0.1%	-0.1%		United States Import Price Index MoM Aug	-0.2%	0.1%
	United Kingdom ILO Unemployment Rate 3Mths Jul	4.1%	4.2%				
	Italy Industrial Production MoM Jul	-0.2%	0.5%	Source	: Bloomberg, data accessed 09 September 2024.		
	China Trade Balance Aug	\$81.10b	\$84.65b				
	Australia Westpac Consumer Conf SA MoM Sep	· 	2.8%				
	United Kingdom Claimant Count Rate Aug		4.7%				
	China Exports YoY Aug	6.6%	7.0%				
	Germany CPI EU Harmonized YoY Aug F	2.0%	2.0%				
	, China Imports YoY Aug	2.5%	7.2%				
	Japan Money Stock M2 YoY Aug		1.4%				
Wed	United States CPI MoM Aug	0.2%	0.2%	_			
	United States CPI YoY Aug	2.6%	2.9%				
	United Kingdom Industrial Production MoM Jul	0.3%	0.8%				
	United States MBA Mortgage Applications 38961		1.6%				
	United Kingdom Manufacturing Production MoM Jul	0.2%	1.1%				
	United States CPI Ex Food and Energy MoM Aug	0.2%	0.2%				





Asset market performance

		As at Friday close		YTD	
Index	Value	CR	TR	CR	TR
MSCI UK GBP	2340	-2.37%	-2.33%	5.61%	9.05%
MSCI USA USD	5142	-4.31%	-4.29%	12.95%	13.719
MSCI Europe ex UK EUR	201	-3.91%	-3.90%	4.82%	6.96%
MSCI AC Asia ex JPN USD	564	-2.25%	-2.14%	6.72%	8.81%
MSCI Japan JPY	1592	-4.90%	-4.90%	9.92%	10.999
MSCI Emerging Markets USD	1075	-2.28%	-2.24%	5.00%	7.09%
Barclays Sterling Gilts GBP	235		1.02%		0.46%
GOLD USD	2497	-0.24%		21.06%	
WTI Oil USD	68	-7.99%		-5.55%	
MSCI PIMFA Income		-1.58%	-1.55%	3.93%	5.73%
MSCI PIMFA Balanced		-2.10%	-2.07%	4.39%	6.14%
MSCI PIMFA Growth		-2.81%	-2.78%	5.60%	7.25%

Source: Bloomberg, MSCI: please see important information, data accessed 09 September 2024. YTD denotes year to date, TR denotes total return and CR denotes capital return.



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